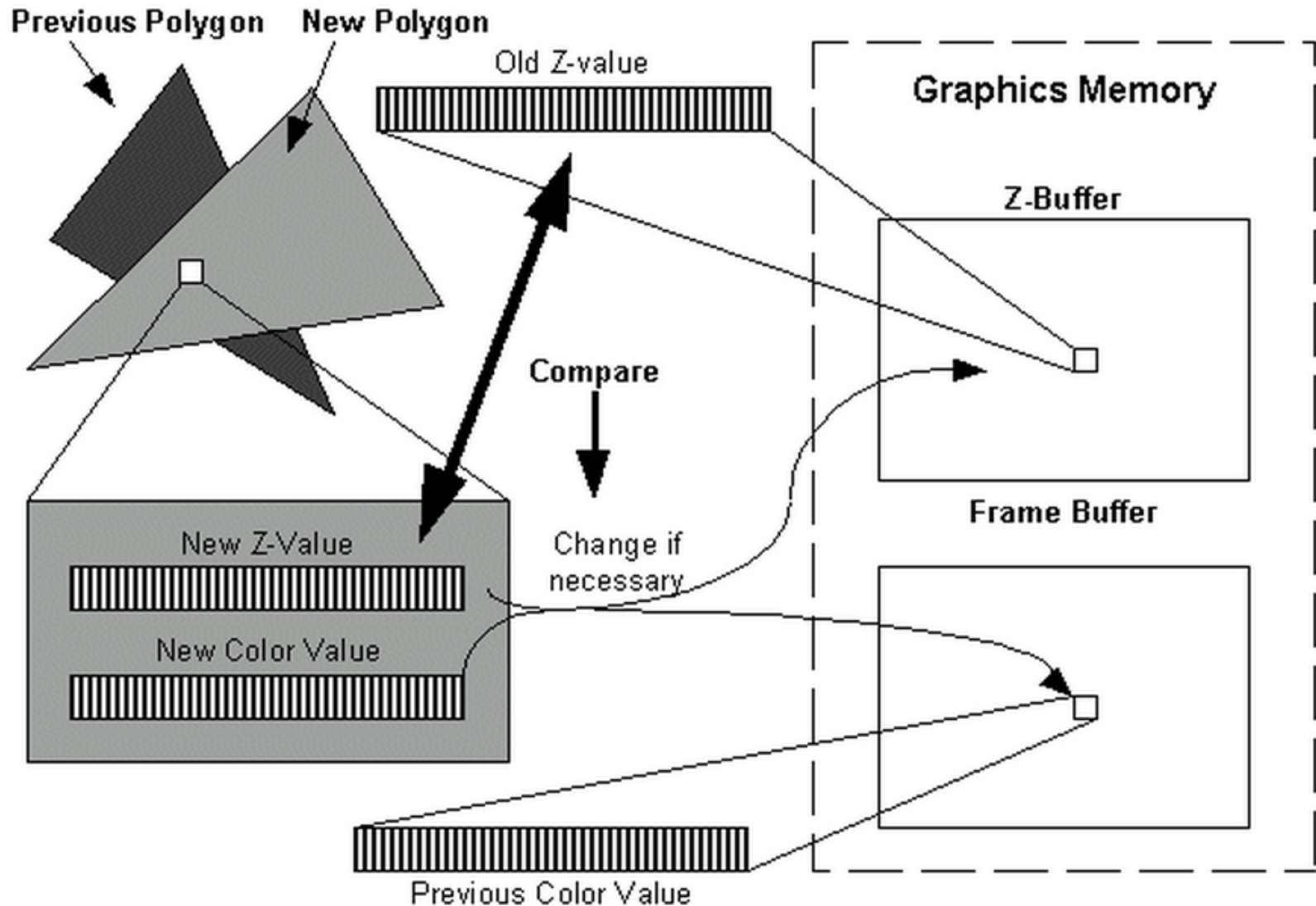


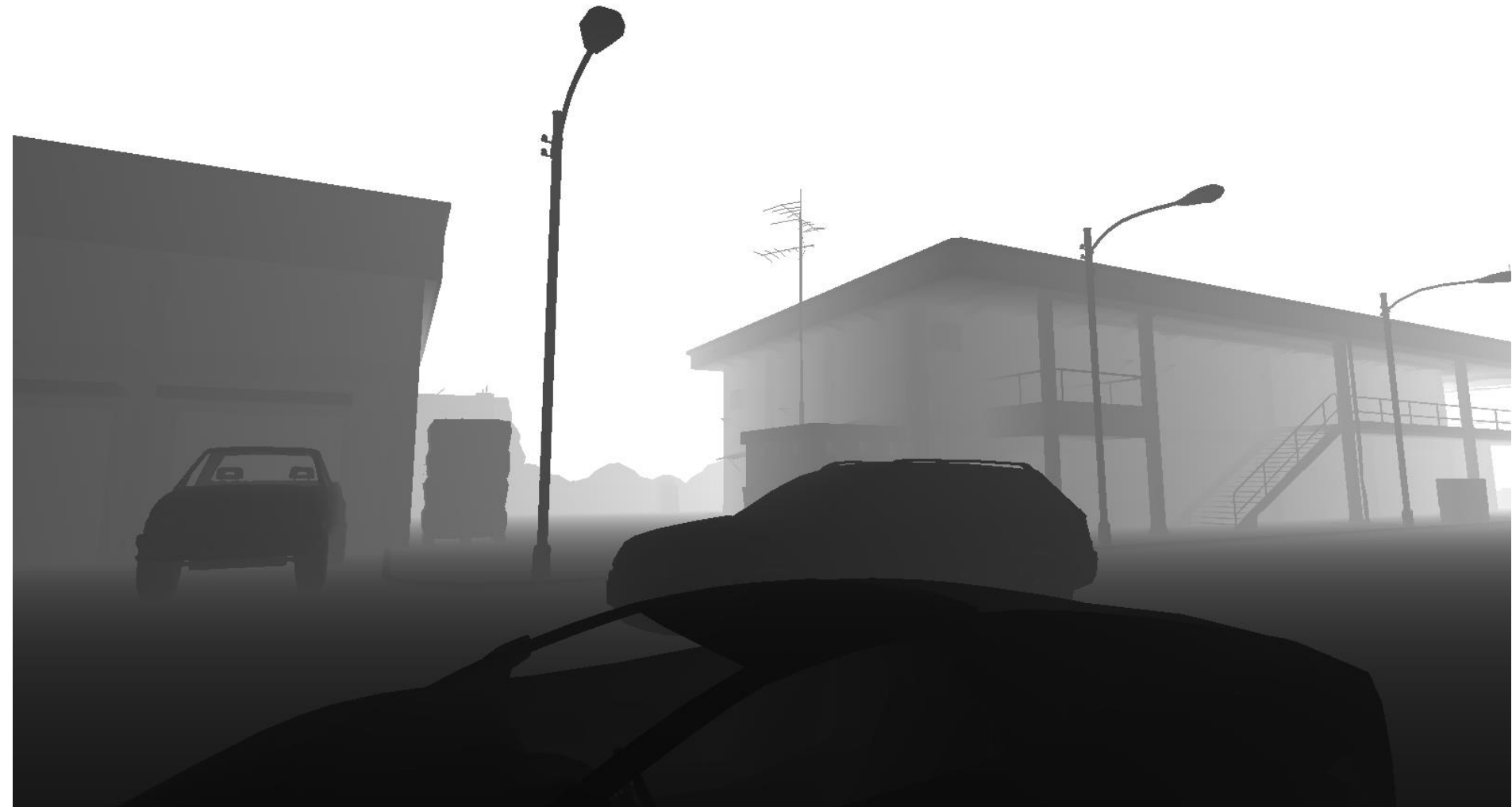
# Z-buffer

Computer Graphics 1

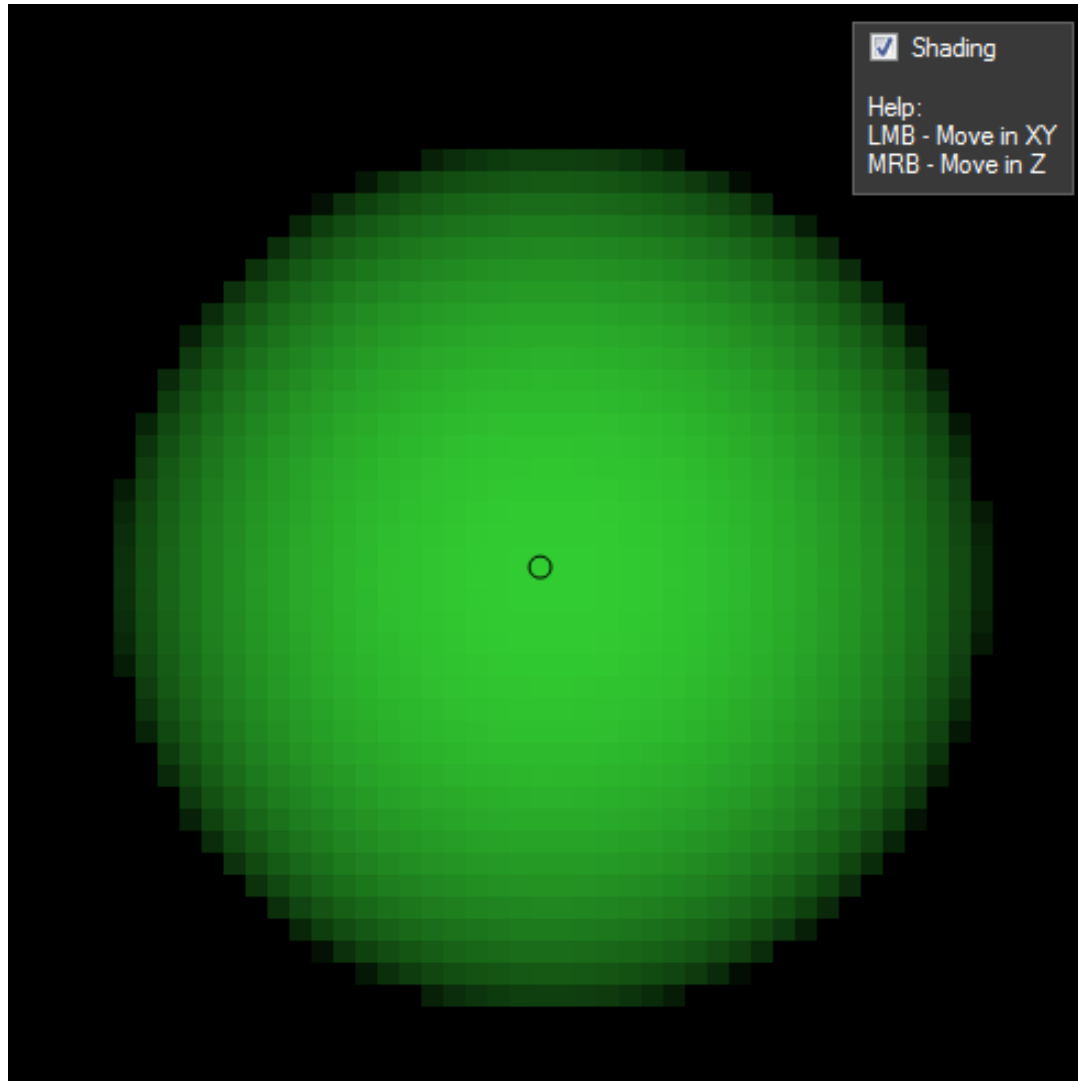
# Algorithm Overview



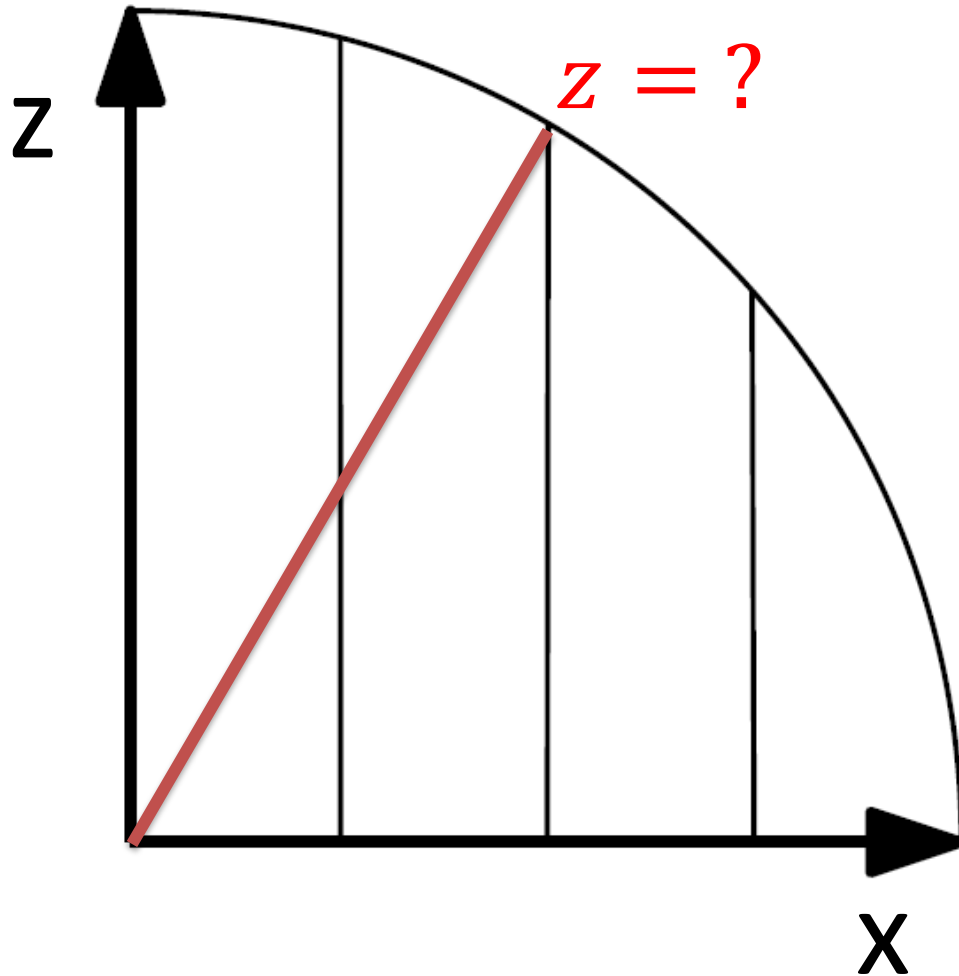
# Example Depth Map



# Sphere Shading



# 2D Circle Example

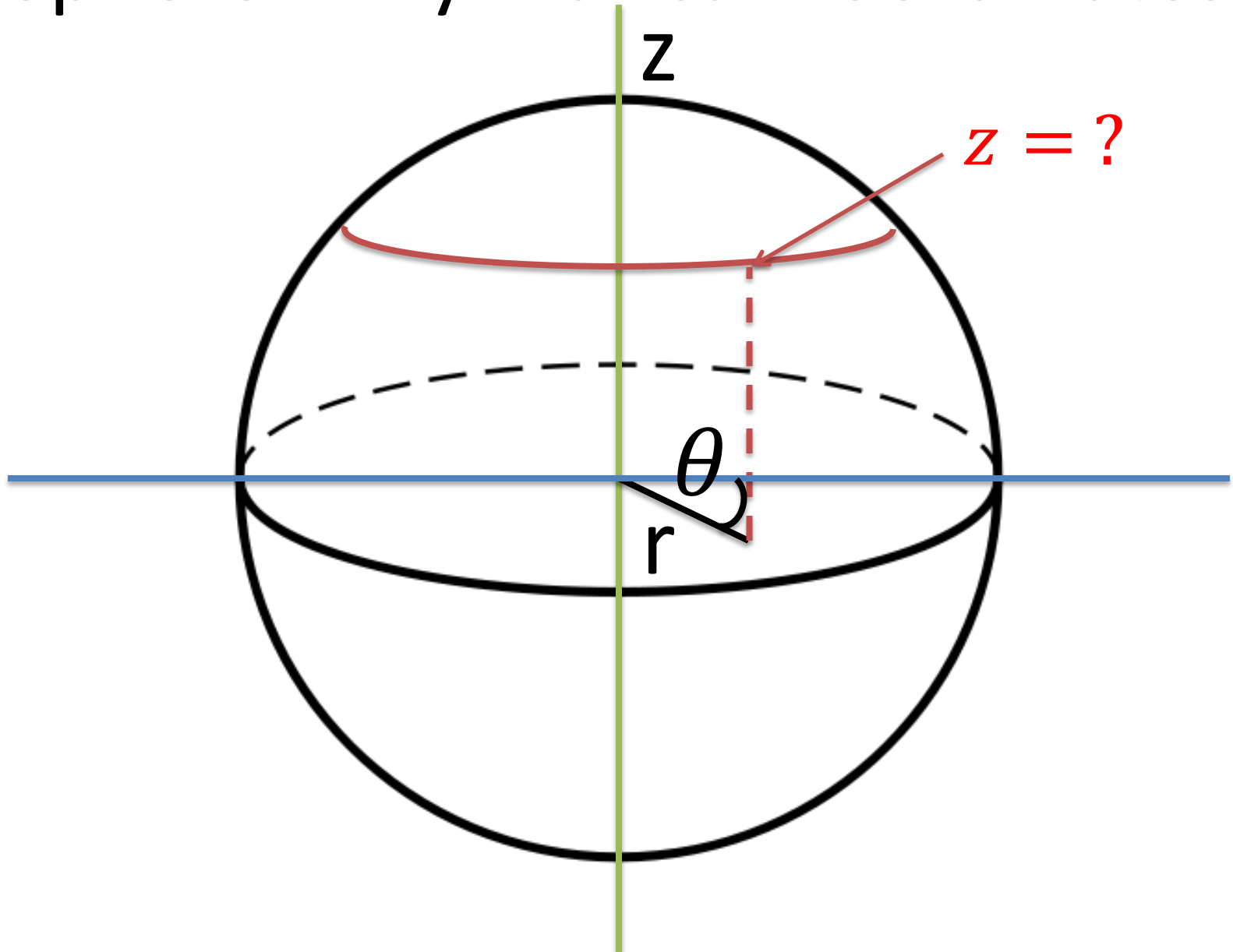


$$x^2 + z^2 = r_C^2$$

$$z^2 = r^2 - x^2$$

$$z = \sqrt{r_C^2 - x^2}$$

# Sphere in Cylindrical Coordinates



# Height Calculation Revisited

Sphere radius:  $r_S$

$z$  calculation in circle case:  $z = \sqrt{r_C^2 - x^2}$

We want to calculate  $z$  which equals to  $z$  in cylindrical coordinates:

$z$  depends only on  $r$  in cylindrical coordinates ( $\theta$  can be ignored)

$$z = \sqrt{r_S^2 - r^2}$$

Calculation of  $r$  in cylindrical coordinates from Cartesian coordinates:

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

Thus:

$$z = \sqrt{r_S^2 - x^2 - y^2}$$