

Lecture 3: Applications of FOL

2-AIN-108 Computational Logic

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Prove that there is no male barber when

- every barber shaves beards of those men who do not shave their own beards
- no barber shaves beards of those men who shave their own beards

Barber - Alphabet

- predicate $p(x)$: x is a barber
- predicate $q(x, y)$: x shaves y 's beard

Theory T :

$$(\forall x)(p(x) \rightarrow (\forall y)(\neg q(y, y) \rightarrow q(x, y)))$$

$$(\forall x)(p(x) \rightarrow (\forall y)(q(y, y) \rightarrow \neg q(x, y)))$$

Formula ϕ :

$$\neg(\exists x)p(x)$$

Theory T :

$$\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$$
$$\neg p(x) \vee \neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(x, y)$$

Formula $\neg\phi$:

$$p(c)$$

① $p(c)$

(assumption)

- ① $p(c)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$ (assumption)

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- ① $p(c)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ③ $\neg p(x) \vee \neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ④ $q(y, y) \vee q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/c\}$)

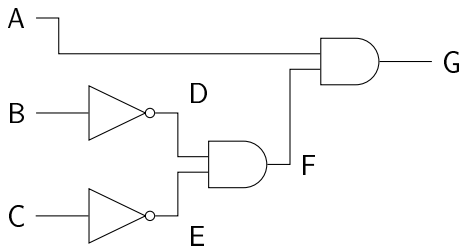
- ① $p(c)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ③ $\neg p(x) \vee \neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ④ $q(y, y) \vee q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑤ $\neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 3 with $\{x/c\}$)

- ① $p(c)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ③ $\neg p(x) \vee \neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ④ $q(y, y) \vee q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑤ $\neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 3 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑥ $q(c, c)$ (factor of 4)

- ① $p(c)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ③ $\neg p(x) \vee \neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ④ $q(y, y) \vee q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑤ $\neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 3 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑥ $q(c, c)$ (factor of 4)
- ⑦ $\neg q(c, c)$ (factor of 5)

- ① $p(c)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg p(x) \vee q(y, y) \vee q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ③ $\neg p(x) \vee \neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(x, y)$ (assumption)
- ④ $q(y, y) \vee q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑤ $\neg q(y, y) \vee \neg q(c, y)$ (resolution of 1 and 3 with $\{x/c\}$)
- ⑥ $q(c, c)$ (factor of 4)
- ⑦ $\neg q(c, c)$ (factor of 5)
- ⑧ \perp (resolution of 6 and 7 with $\{\}$)

Boolean Circuits - Assignment



If the value of A is 0, the value of B is 1, and the value of C is 1, what is the value of G?

Boolean Circuits - Alphabet

- constants a, b, c, d, e, f denote wires
- constants 0 and 1 refer to the boolean values that wire may possess
- predicate $val(w, v)$: the value of a wire w in the circuit is v
- predicate $and(x, y, z)$: there is an and-gate in the circuit that connects inputs x and y to an output z
- predicate $or(x, y, z)$: there is an or-gate in the circuit that connects inputs x and y to an output z
- predicate $inv(x, y)$: there is an inverter in the circuit that connects an input x to an output y

Theory T :

- Input: $inv(b, d)$ $inv(c, e)$ $and(d, e, f)$ $and(a, f, g)$
- AND gate

$$(\forall x)(\forall y)(\forall z)(and(x, y, z) \wedge (val(x, 1) \wedge val(y, 1)) \rightarrow val(z, 1))$$

$$(\forall x)(\forall y)(\forall z)(and(x, y, z) \wedge (val(x, 0) \vee val(y, 0)) \rightarrow val(z, 0))$$

- OR gate

$$(\forall x)(\forall y)(\forall z)(or(x, y, z) \wedge (val(x, 1) \vee val(y, 1)) \rightarrow val(z, 1))$$

$$(\forall x)(\forall y)(\forall z)(or(x, y, z) \wedge (val(x, 0) \wedge val(y, 0)) \rightarrow val(z, 0))$$

- NOT gate

$$(\forall x)(\forall y)(inv(x, y) \wedge val(x, 0) \rightarrow val(y, 1))$$

$$(\forall x)(\forall y)(inv(x, y) \wedge val(x, 1) \rightarrow val(y, 0))$$

Query ϕ : $val(a, 0) \wedge val(b, 1) \wedge val(c, 1) \rightarrow val(g, 0)$

Theory T :

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{inv}(b, d) \quad \text{inv}(c, e) \quad \text{and}(d, e, f) \quad \text{and}(a, f, g) \\ \neg & \text{and}(x, y, z) \vee \neg \text{val}(x, 1) \vee \neg \text{val}(y, 1) \vee \text{val}(z, 1) \\ & \neg \text{and}(x, y, z) \vee \neg \text{val}(x, 0) \vee \text{val}(z, 0) \\ & \neg \text{and}(x, y, z) \vee \neg \text{val}(y, 0) \vee \text{val}(z, 0) \\ & \neg \text{or}(x, y, z) \vee \neg \text{val}(x, 1) \vee \text{val}(z, 1) \\ & \neg \text{or}(x, y, z) \vee \neg \text{val}(y, 1) \vee \text{val}(z, 1) \\ \neg & \text{or}(x, y, z) \vee \neg \text{val}(x, 0) \vee \neg \text{val}(y, 0) \vee \text{val}(z, 0) \\ & \neg \text{inv}(x, y) \vee \neg \text{val}(x, 0) \vee \text{val}(y, 1) \\ & \neg \text{inv}(x, y) \vee \neg \text{val}(x, 1) \vee \text{val}(y, 0) \end{aligned}$$

Formula $\neg\phi$:

$$\text{val}(a, 0) \quad \text{val}(b, 1) \quad \text{val}(c, 1) \quad \neg \text{val}(g, 0)$$

① $and(a, f, g)$

(assumption)

- ① $and(a, f, g)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg and(x, y, z) \vee \neg val(x, 0) \vee val(z, 0)$ (assumption)

- ① $and(a, f, g)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg and(x, y, z) \vee \neg val(x, 0) \vee val(z, 0)$ (assumption)
- ③ $val(a, 0)$ (assumption)

- ① $and(a, f, g)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg and(x, y, z) \vee \neg val(x, 0) \vee val(z, 0)$ (assumption)
- ③ $val(a, 0)$ (assumption)
- ④ $\neg val(g, 0)$ (assumption)

- ① $and(a, f, g)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg and(x, y, z) \vee \neg val(x, 0) \vee val(z, 0)$ (assumption)
- ③ $val(a, 0)$ (assumption)
- ④ $\neg val(g, 0)$ (assumption)
- ⑤ $\neg val(a, 0) \vee val(g, 0)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/a, y/f, z/g\}$)

- ① $and(a, f, g)$ (assumption)
- ② $\neg and(x, y, z) \vee \neg val(x, 0) \vee val(z, 0)$ (assumption)
- ③ $val(a, 0)$ (assumption)
- ④ $\neg val(g, 0)$ (assumption)
- ⑤ $\neg val(a, 0) \vee val(g, 0)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/a, y/f, z/g\}$)
- ⑥ $\neg val(a, 0)$ (resolution of 4 and 5 with $\{\}$)

- 1 $and(a, f, g)$ (assumption)
- 2 $\neg and(x, y, z) \vee \neg val(x, 0) \vee val(z, 0)$ (assumption)
- 3 $val(a, 0)$ (assumption)
- 4 $\neg val(g, 0)$ (assumption)
- 5 $\neg val(a, 0) \vee val(g, 0)$ (resolution of 1 and 2 with $\{x/a, y/f, z/g\}$)
- 6 $\neg val(a, 0)$ (resolution of 4 and 5 with $\{\}$)
- 7 \perp (resolution of 3 and 6 with $\{\}$)

Avialable implemented provers:

- Prover9: <http://www.cs.unm.edu/~mccune/prover9/>
- Vampire: <http://vprover.org/>